Buy to Let (BTL) Mortgage

Factsheet



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Things to consider

As well as demand for rental properties, there are several other things to consider when thinking about buying to let.

You can find out more about some of the financial aspects below.

Costs and tax

A number of one-off fees or ongoing costs may be payable as a landlord. In some cases, it may be that some of these can be offset against tax payable on the potential rent received from buying to let.

HSBC cannot provide tax advice and it is recommended that you speak to a tax expert.

Further information can be obtained from HM Revenue & Customs.

Mortgage

An arrangement and/or a booking fee may be charged when a mortgage is taken out. The costs of paying a mortgage (interest only or capital repayment) should also be considered. When securing a mortgage, a valuation of the property will need to be carried out, which may involve a valuation fee.

You may want to commission a Homebuyer Report or a Building Survey which would be at your cost.

Letting agent fees

Fees for letting services are normally a percentage of the rental income, which may range from 5% - 15% of the rent achieved. This may include services such as finding and vetting a tenant, and preparing an inventory. You will need to confirm the exact services included with your letting agent.

Other costs

These will include landlord insurance, legal fees and also costs for maintaining the property. Some insurance premiums and maintenance costs may be offset against tax. There may also be other costs, such as on leasehold properties where service charges or ground rents may be payable. On leasehold properties, you may need to obtain the landlord's prior consent to a letting of your property. You should check the lease of your property.

HSBC cannot provide legal advice and it is recommended that you seek professional legal advice.

Tax

A number of taxes may apply when buying a residential property and renting it out:

Stamp Duty Land Tax (SDLT)

May be payable if you buy either a freehold or a leasehold property in England or in Northern Ireland. If you buy a property in Wales, the corresponding tax is known as Land Transaction Tax (LTT) and in Scotland, it's known as Land and Buildings Transaction Tax (LBTT).

SDLT, LTT, and LBTT are charged at a percentage rate that varies depending on the purchase price of the property.

First time buyer relief is available for SDLT and LBTT and higher rates of SDLT / LTT / LBTT can apply to buyers of second and subsequent properties. Note: there is no first time buyer relief for LTT.

ATED

The Annual Tax on Enveloped Dwellings (ATED) applies to high-value properties owned completely or partly by companies or partnerships (where one partner is a company) or a collective investment scheme.

Income Tax

When you start renting out a property you must inform HMRC. You may have tax to pay on the profit made on renting property after deducting allowable expenses. You will need to report rental profit to HMRC annually. There are different tax rules for residential lettings, commercial lettings and furnished holiday lets.

Property owners who have a usual place of abode outside the UK are generally required to pay UK income tax on rental income from letting property situated in the UK. Under the Non-Resident Landlord Scheme, letting agents must subtract basic rate tax – currently at 20% – from rental income before it is passed on to the property owner. However, some costs may be tax deductible and could reduce the amount of tax that must be paid.

If a non-resident landlord doesn't have a letting agent acting for them then tenants (who pay over £100 a week in rent) are responsible for deducting the tax, and paying it to HMRC. Non-resident landlords can apply to HMRC to receive rental income with no tax deducted. The rent still remains liable to tax and must be included in your tax return.

Capital Gains Tax

UK residents are liable to Capital Gains Tax on the profit made on the disposal of a second property. Non-residents disposing of UK residential property are also liable to Capital Gains Tax. Different rules apply if you are temporarily non-resident. You only pay Capital Gains Tax on the gain in excess of the annual exemption. Capital Gains Tax is paid at 18% or 28% depending on your level of income.

HSBC cannot provide tax advice and it is recommended that you speak to a tax expert.

Further information can be obtained from HM Revenue & Customs.

Responsibility and risk

Before committing to buying to let, it's important to acknowledge the various responsibilities of becoming a landlord.

The National Residential Landlords Association (NRLA) list the responsibilities of a landlord which include providing and maintaining accommodation in good condition and exercising "a common duty of care to all tenants and visitors".

Responsibilities may include:

- Finding and vetting new tenants.
- Treating tenants fairly.
- Handling deposits.
- · Collecting rent.
- Ensuring tax obligations are met and paid.
- Abiding by regulations and inspections for electricity, gas and fire safety.
- Adhering to guidelines on issues including water supply, drainage, glazing, energy efficiency and general repairs.

Risk

Letting residential property is a commercial transaction.

You should therefore only contemplate becoming a landlord if you have wholly satisfied yourself that you are competent and capable of undertaking such a venture.

This includes competency in managing a portfolio, and an understanding of obligations and your responsibilities towards the tenant.

We will not advise you on any property investment decision or on how you can meet your obligations to tenants. It is important that you fully understand the risks and consequences of becoming a private landlord as well as the potential rewards. Independent financial, legal and tax advisers may provide advice on the decision to acquire residential property for letting. Recognised landlord bodies can also help you understand your responsibilities.

The actual income generated from your rental property may differ and can be influenced over time by changes within the rental market. You will remain responsible for meeting the costs of your mortgage and the additional costs associated with letting the property for the duration of your ownership.

Handling financial difficulty

We have, and operate in accordance with, a written policy, setting out our handling of Buy to Let arrears and possessions.

We will consider the UK Finance guidance in the treatment of Buy to Let borrowers who fall into arrears.

You will be expected to communicate constructively with us to help resolve financial problems.

Points to consider:

- You are responsible for adhering to all terms and conditions of the mortgage and maintaining all contractual mortgage payments.
- Where the BTL mortgage is on an interest only payment basis, you will be responsible for the repayment of the capital at the end of the mortgage term.
- The property must be for letting, rather than occupation by you.
- We will not provide advice on any matters relating to a buy to let property and it is recommended that you speak to a financial, legal, and tax adviser who can provide advice on the decision to acquire residential property.

- We can only provide guidance on matters relating to the provision by HSBC of a BTL mortgage, and will not provide mortgage advice.
- Those aspects on which we will not advise you, but which we will expect you to understand and adhere to include the following:
 - To understand and comply with the legal requirements of being a landlord, including health and safety obligations towards the tenant and implications associated with any licensing or registration requirements on you.
 - To treat tenants fairly.
 - To understand that there is a commercial risk in becoming a landlord.
 - To consider how mortgage commitments will be maintained in the event of void periods.
 - To protect the value in the property through upkeep, maintenance and, for leasehold property, adherence to valid requests from the freeholder and/or its managing agent.
 - To ensure appropriate buildings insurance cover is in place upon completion and throughout the duration of the mortgage.

Your property may be repossessed if you do not keep up repayments on your mortgage.

Find out more

UK government landlord guide: gov.uk/renting-out-a-property/landlord-responsibilities

Stamp Duty Land Tax (SDLT): gov.uk/stamp-duty-land-tax/overview

Land Transaction Tax (LTT): gov.wales/land-transaction-tax-guide

Land and Buildings Transaction Tax (LBTT): revenue.scot/land-buildings-transaction-tax

Non-resident Landlord Scheme: gov.uk/paying-tax-on-rent-to-landlords-abroad

National Residential Landlords Association: nrla.org.uk

UK Association of Letting Agents: ukala.org.uk

Online news and community for landlords and agents: landlordzone.co.uk

Please note that HSBC is not responsible for maintaining or updating third-party websites and other external sources.

Accessibility

If you need any of this information in a different format, please let us know. **This includes large print, braille, or audio.** You can speak to us using the live chat on our website, by visiting one of our branches, or by giving us a call.

There are also lots of other options available to help you communicate with us. Some of these are provided by third parties who are responsible for the service. These include a Text Relay Service and a British Sign Language (BSL) Video Relay Service. To find out more please get in touch. You can also visit: hsbc.co.uk/accessibility or: hsbc.co.uk/contact

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